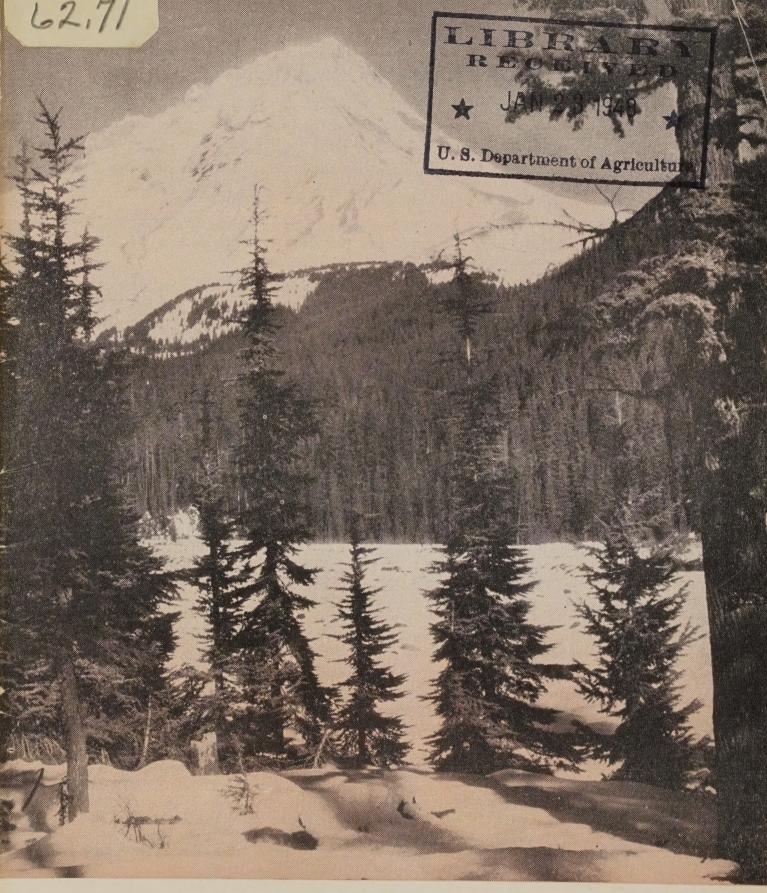
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MT. HOOD FROM WHITE RIVER

PHOTO - BY SAWYERS, INC.

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO. Evergreens - PROPAGATORS AND GROWERS WHOLE SALE

TELEPHONES:

SPRING 1948 FALL 1947 LANGASTER 6653 — VENICE 8533

141 S. E. 65TH AVENUE PORTLAND 16, OREGON

TERMS AND INFORMATION

THE SHERWOOD NURSERY CO. are leading propagators and growers of conifers and broad leaved evergreens. Plants can be shipped from our nursery from about October 1, throughout the fall, winter and spring to about April 1.

TERMS:

Our terms are NET CASH. Note carefully the following conditions.

- 1. We PAY SHIPPING COSTS on lining out stock to all points in the United States, Canada and Alaska. Lining out stock for this purpose is defined as any stock not listed as B&B, specimen, or BR.
- 2. At least ONE-FOURTH of the purchase price must accompany all lining out orders. Balance C.O.D. Payment in full in advance required on all B&B and BR shipments.
- 3. The prices quoted are NET CASH PRICES but five per cent discount will be deducted from the list price of all lining out stock when delivery is made at our nursery.

Prices on our B&B stock are F.O.B. our Portland Nursery, at Southeast 73rd Avenue and East Burnside Street.

POSITIVELY NO ORDER for lining out stock will be accepted for less than 25 plants of the same size and variety.

Prices quoted in the 10, 100, or 1000 lots apply to ONE SIZE and ONE VARIETY only.

We reserve the right to substitute grades when necessary and the difference is not too great.

Five plants of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped. BR signifies Bare Roots.

4. The prices quoted herein will hold only throughout the coming nursery year.

PACKING:

No packing charge is made.

Many small balled grades can be shipped safely, packed BR (Bare Roots) in moss thereby cutting down shipping costs. Where this can be done we have so indicated. Our method of packing insures the arrival of plants in perfect condition at any place in the United States, Canada and Alaska.

RESPONSIBILITY:

All the stock offered by this Company is grown out of doors and in their own fields with the greatest care and packed in like manner. WE MAKE NO GUARANTEE, either expressed or implied, that the plants will grow or give specific results. ALL SHIPMENTS ARE MADE AT THE RISK OF PURCHASER AFTER BEING DELIVERED TO THE CARRIER IN GOOD CONDITION. We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should frost, storm, crop failure or other cause result in injury or destruction of stock, or in inability to deliver.

SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY
141 S. E. 65th Ave., Portland 16, Oregon

TO REACH PROPAGATING NURSERY:

Drive east on East Burnside Street to Southeast 73rd Avenue. Nursery is reached in a fifteen minute drive from the center of city. General Nursery is located at Sandy, Oregon.

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Sherwood Nursery Company pays all shipping costs on lining out stock to all points in the United States, Canada and Alaska. We pay all packing costs. Our terms are net cash. At least one-fourth of the purchase price must accompany all orders, balance C.O.D. Payment in full in advance required on all B&B and BR shipments.

- GENERAL LIST -

Including Conifers and Broad Leaved Evergreens, Deciduous Shrubs and Rock Plants.

Abelia (Edward Goucher)

A choice upright abelia similar to grandiflora but with foliage of richer coloring especially in the fall when it takes on a lovely bronze cast. The abundant flowers, which cover this hardy evergreen all summer and fall, are deep pink shading to a soft lavender and mingle in perfection with the full fine foliage. Height 5 to 6 feet.

	Each	10	100	1000
6-12 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 96
12-15 inches twice transplantedB&B	.55	5.00		*******
15-18	.65	5.90	*******	******
18-24"	.75	6.80	61	********

Abelia grandiflora (Glossy Abelia)

Foliage glossy green, flowers white with pink blush. A beautiful, hardy evergreen. Splendid for foundation and mass plantings. Blooms all summer and is an attractive shrub both in flower and foliage. After the flowers have fallen the persistent purplish sepals are still attractive.

8-18 inches once transplanted 12 96

Abelia grandiflora sherwoodi (Sherwood Dwarf Abelia)

A dwarf abelia, not only the plant but the leaves and the flowers as well being about half the size of grandiflora. Flowers pink and white, same as grandiflora. Thick-branching and very compact. A choice little plant, esspecially where space is a factor, supplying a long felt need. Originated by us and has proven a great favorite.

6-12 inches once transplanted			10	80
12-18""			12	96
12-15 inches twice transplantedB&B	.55	5.00	*******	*******
15-18"	.65	5.90	*******	*******
18-24"	.75	6.80	********	*******
24-30"	1.00	9.00	81	*******
30-36"	1.25	11.20	101	********
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B	2.25	20.30	*******	

Abies balsamea (Balsam Fir)

A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has fairly dense foliage of aromatic properties and believed by some to possess medicinal value. Needles are short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.

Abies magnifica shastensis (Shasta Red Fir)

A stately, symmetrical, bluish green tree of great beauty. Native of the mountains of southern Oregon and northern California where it decorates many a high slope or ridge. Branches horizontal in regular whorls. Needles mostly

upright, short, close set.	Each	10	100	1000
8-12 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	\$.40	\$ 3.60	\$	\$
12-15 inches twice transplantedB&B	.65	5.90		******
15-18"	.80	7.20		*******
18-24"	1.00	9.00		*******

Abies nobilis (Noble Fir)

The name noble describes this magnificent tree perfectly. A native of the Coast and Cascade mountains of western Washington and Oregon where its dignified appearance is set out in striking effect. The branches grow in whorls with great regularity along the main stem of the tree and are broadly spreading toward the tips. The foliage is usually a beautiful bluish green in color. It is valuable for landscaping purposes and the best of all for the production of Christmas trees. Very hardy.

6-12	inches not	transplanted	******		11	88
12-18	77 77	2)			14	112
18-24	" "	** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ***		1	18	144

Ajuga reptans rubra (Purpleleaf Bugle)

A worthy rock plant and ground cover. Has a rich green, slightly bronzed foliage, which is heavy and cleaves close to the ground. The blue flower

	spikes are 6 in	ches tall, are	numerou	s and app	ear in the	e spring.	The	re is the	
	impression of	pleasing an	d perfect	harmony	between	blossoms	and	foliage.	
	Evergreen.								
1	vear plants							6	

48

Arborvitae—See Thuja, Thujopsis

Arbutus unedo (Strawberry Tree)

A spreading shrub with rich evergreen foliage. Has many charming, pearl white, bell shaped flowers followed in the fall by brilliant red strawberry like fruits. Does well in sun or partial shade and is drought resistant.

5- 6 feet three times transplanted......B&B 58.50

Arctostaphylos patula (Greenleaf Manzanita)

An irregularly branched, yet nicely rounded and shapely broad leaved evergreen. Height 4 to 5 feet. Needs little pruning as the natural growth gives the impression of tailored shrub. The bark of the stems is smooth, rich brown and mahogany in color. The leaves are about 1 inch in diameter, almost perfectly round, and have a delightful appearance of freshness summer and winter. Is most impressive when it grows in masses, as it grows on the slopes of the Oregon mountains where it is native. Leaves retain their refreshing verdant greenness under exceedingly dry and trying conditions. Here is a shrub of great beauty, and one which survives great extremes of heat, cold and drought without injury.

15-18 inches three times transplantedB&B	.75	6.80	61	00000000
18-24	.90	8.10	73	
24-30"	1.10	9.90	89	
			105	-

Arctostaphylos uva-ursi (Kinnikinnick)

Sometimes called Bearberry. Uva, Latin for grape, ursi for bear. A lovely low trailing evergreen, flourishing in a wide range of latitude and altitude. In Oregon it is at home from the splash of the waves of the Pacific to timberline in the Cascade mountains. Withstands almost any degree of cold. Has large red berries, roundish glossy leaves and grows in thick masses, completely covering the ground, rocks, walls or old logs over which it trails. Exempt from pests, good the year round and in every respect decidedly pleasing and satisfying. Considered by some to be the best ground cover known.

				10		
2- 6	inches o	nce	transplanted	\$ \$	\$ 10	\$ 80

Aucuba japonica (Greenleaf Aucuba) (Pollenizers)

Male plants. Aucubas never bear berries unless pollenizers are planted with them. The large red berries are one of the attractive features of Aucubas and it is therefore essential to plant the pollenizers. The foliage is fine solid deep green. Shade loving evergreen.

4- 5 feet three times transplanted (Heavy)......B&B 3.75 33.80

Aucuba japonica nana (Dwarf Aucuba) (Female)

This is a dwarf form with lustrous green leaves and a profusion of bright scarlet berries borne in clusters making a combination of surpassing beauty. Appeals to everyone. Hardy at Ogden, Utah. Comparatively new and rare, but certain to find a place in many gardens. Like the other Aucubas, it is dioecious and the male plants must be planted with the females to produce fruit. Shade loving evergreen.

10-12 inches twice transplanted	15	120
9-12 inches twice transplanted B&B .60 5.40	49	
12-15"	65	
15-18"	73	
18-24" B&B 1.25 11.20	101	
The 9-12 and 12-15 inch grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered	deduct 10	cents
per plant.	17,100	
30-36 inches three times transplanted (Heavy)B&B 3.25 29.30	******	

AZALEAS

Azalea amoena coccinea

A splendid dwarf evergreen azalea. Foliage dark, glossy, compact. Flowers bright red completely covering the plant. A wonderful addition to our broad leaf evergreens. It is similar to the hinodegiri crimson azalea but very much hardier.

2- 4	inches once transplanted	*******	*******	10	80
4- 8))))		*******	12	96
8-12	" " "	*******		16	128

Azalea hinodegiri (Crimson Azalea from Cuttings)

Dwarf, very compact, evergreen azalea. Heavy glossy foliage, hardy in western Oregon. When in bloom the plant is completely covered with bright red flowers, so that the foliage is hidden. One of the most showy and one of the most popular dwarf ornamental shrubs.

1- 2 inches once transplanted		*******	9	72
2- 4		*******	12	96
12-15 inches three times transplantedB&B	1.50	13.50	122	
15-18"	2.50	22.50	203	***************************************

Azalea kaempferi (Torch Azalea)

	This wonderful, hardy, almost evergree					
	attaining a height of 4 to 5 feet. It ha	s pleasing	glossy fo	liage and	in the	
	spring is a gorgeous mass of flame red		Each		100	
2.	·15 inches twice transplanted	B&B	\$ 1.25	\$11.20	\$	\$

12-15	inches twice transplanted	В&В	\$ 1.25	\$11.20	\$	\$
15-18	,, ,, ,,	B&B	2.25	20.30	*******	******
18-24	2) 2) 2)	B&B	3.25	29.30	263	*******

1000

Azalea macrantha

Compact, low growing with dark evergreen foliage. A very profuse blossomer. Late season blooming. Flowers red salmon.

1- 4 inches once	transplanted			10	80
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Azalea maxwelli (Maxwell Azalea)

Foliage heavy and luxuriant. Plant rather low growing and spreading. Flowers extremely large, carmine red, completely covering the plant. One of the finest of all azaleas. Maxwell Azalea, because of its superb habit of growth, splendid foliage and gorgeous display of blooms, undoubtedly ranks in a class by itself among lovely evergreens.

2- 4 inches once transplanted	 	10	80
4-8 """"	 *******	12	96
8-12"	 	16	128

Azalea sherwoodi (Sherwood Orchid Azalea)

This is a hybrid hinodegiri and our own introduction. We have been growing it for several years in our nursery where it has attracted much attention. Foliage about the size and gloss of the Hinodegiri Crimson Azalea but the plant is hardier. Flowers are a clear lavender with speckled throat, completely cover the plant and are large for a dwarf azalea. This evergreen fills a need which has not been met by any other azalea. Although showy it harmonizes with other colors in the garden. Mass plantings in gardens or on slopes and terraces are unexcelled.

2- 4	inches once transplanted	*******		10	80
4-8	/))))			12	96
8-12	5) - 1) 1)			16	128
12-15	inches twice transplantedB&B	1.50	13.50	******	********
		2.50		203	*******
18-24	" " " B&B	3.50	31.50	284	

Barberry—See Berberis

Bearberry—See Arctostaphylos

Beargrass—See Xerophyllum

Berberis darwini (Darwin Barberry)

A native of South America from Chili to Patagonia. Evergreen, reaching a height of about 3 feet. Foliage is deep green, glossy, and compact, and the small, neat leaves are serrated and holly-like. In early spring the plant is a gorgeous mass of tiny, bright, orange-colored flowers. Very decorative.

5	8-12	inches	not tra	ansplant	ed			******		12	96
12	2-15	inches	s twice	transpl	anted	I	B&B	.65	5.90		*******
15	5-18	"	33	",			B&B	.75	6.80		*******
18	8-24	""	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	"]	B&B	1.00	9.00		*******
24	1-30	"	"	,,,]	B&B	1.25	11.20		
3(0-36	",	,,,	,,]	B&B	1.50	13.50	122	*******
3(0-30	****					Dan	1.50	13.30	144	*******

Berberis verruculosa

Height 3 to 4 feet. One of the new introductions from Western China. The small glossy leaves form a mass of dark evergreen foliage, which turns to a gorgeous red in colder climates. Flowers golden yellow. Flourishes in heat or cold, and is one of the hardiest and best of barberries.

Each 10 1000 1000 2- 6 inches once transplanted \$ ____ \$ 10 \$ 80

Bonyberry—See Osteomeles

Broom—See Cytisus, Genista

Bugle-See Ajuga

CALLUNA (HEATHERS)

See also Erica

Calluna vulgaris alba (White Scotch Heather)

Similar to Red Heather but with white blooms. Foliage is dark green and the blossoms are of snowy whiteness. Grows to a height of 18 inches and is very hardy. Like the other varieties of calluna is a mid summer bloomer. Calluna, Greek, to sweep.

18-24	inches	twice	transplanted	B&B	.75	6.80	61	posswere
			7,7	De-D				

Calluna vulgaris nana (Moss Heather)

A dainty little dwarf of moss like appearance growing about 4 inches tall. It is of exceeding close, compact growth with refreshing green foliage and delicate lavender blossoms in mid-summer. On account of its mossy luster it fits perfectly into rockeries, stream and pool borders, close-proximity to fountains, garden steps and walks and into most situations where neatness and delicacy are sought. One of the loveliest evergreens it is our privilege to grow. Rare and very hardy.

1- 3	inches on	e transplanted	 *******	8	64
3-6	22 22	2)	 	12	96

Calluna vulgaris pygmaea

Dwarf evergreen heather, attaining a height of 8 inches. Foliage dark green, very compact and dainty. Lavender flowers in mid-summer. Gem for rockeries and borders.

Calluna vulgaris-Mixed

A miscellaneous collection of mixed varieties unnamed.

24-30 inches twice transplanted.......B&B .90 8.10 73

Camellia japonica (Cheerful)

Camellia in commemoration of George J. Karmel or Camellus, a Jesuit who traveled in Asia in the 17th century. The camellia holds a place right up in the front ranks among flowering trees. The superb, waxy rose like flowers are loved by everyone, are fine when on the tree or as cut flowers. Leaves are large, of intense, waxy glossy surface and make just the right setting for the wax like flowers which are splendid, double, perfectly shaped and bright

red. A favorite.	Each	10	100	1000
4- 8 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 16	\$ 128
8-12""			22	176
12-16""			28	224
12-15 inches three times transplanted		9.00	81	*******
15-18"	1.50	13.50	122	******
18-24"	2.00	18.00	162	*******
24-30"	2.50	22.50	203	*******
30-36"	3.00	27.00	243	0.000.00000
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B	3.50	31.50	284	

Castanopsis sempervirens (Bush Chinquapin)

One of Oregon's wonderful native evergreens seldom offered to the trade. Unlike the tall growing form, Bush Chinquapin usually grows only 5 to 6 feet high in a spreading, much branched shrub. A plant 4 feet high will usually spread 4 to 6 feet. A stout medium sized evergreen of surpassing merit. It grows in its native state at 2000 to 4000 feet elevation but is at home at sea level. In our mountains it sometimes covers dry open slopes where only the hardiest plants can survive the summer's heat and winter's cold. Is also found in open woods with partial shade. Foliage very dense. Leaves dark green above, russet beneath. Flowers in white clusters followed by chestnut like fruits. Bush Chinquapin is a fine foundation shrub, also good for hedges and borders. It is unexcelled for large banks and terraces. A fine addition to the trade.

4- 6	inches onc	transplanted	 	11	88
6-12	22 22	* ,,		15	120

Ceanothus velutinus (Mt. Balm, Sticky Laurel)

A very hardy broad leaf evergreen, attaining a height of about 6 feet and a spread of 12 feet. Has bright green, medium size leaves which possess a strong aromatic odor. Thrives in dry rocky soil and in hot or cold exposures. Has terminal clusters of soft white blossoms.

12-15 inches twice transplanted	3&B	.65	5.90	*******	
15-18	3&B	.75	6.80	*******	\$10.00 MONTHS
18-24	3&B	.90	8.10	*********	-

Cedar—See Libocedrus

CHAMAECYPARIS

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress)

A conifer of most satisfying effect, both in stately habit of growth, dense limbs and graceful foliage. Not hardy in areas of extreme cold, but fortunate, indeed, are localities which can grow this handsome tree. It is fine when grown in somewhat open or well spaced rows, and is equally good when grown as single specimens, needing no supporting plantings to enhance its beauty. Native of the Oregon coast.

2- 3	feet	three	times	transplanted	B&B	1.20	10.80		
3- 4		?	");	B&B	1.80	16.20	********	p.o. o. c. o. c. o. d.

OTIER WOOD WORDER'T CO., I ortuna, Oregon	
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana cerula	
One of the fine Lawson variations, of which there are several. Slender and upright, the branches all growing vertical and very close to the trunk of the tree. As slender as a Pyramidal Arborvitae or Irish Juniper and needs little pruning. As indicated by the name, the foliage is of a deep sky blue or azure in color. The columnar form of the alumi cypress and very desirable where slender trees are needed. Each 10 100 4-8 inches once transplanted	1000 \$ 96
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta aurea (Gold Column Cypress) Beautiful golden form of the Green Column Cypress which it is like in all ways except color. An extremely golden evergreen the year round. The golden color is most pronounced during the winter months. Rare.	
4-10 inches once transplanted 11	88
Champagamania lauraniana anasta mlaura (Plus Caluman Cumana) (Alumai)	
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta glauca (Blue Column Cypress) (Alumi) A cone shaped cypress erect in growth and with vertical foliage of turquoise	
blue. It is a valuable help in landscape plantings and for that reason is always a popular tree.	
6-10 inches once transplanted 12	96
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta viridis (Green Column Cypress)	
A pyramid of living green which will add life and freshness to any planting. A striking conifer with dense vertical foliage.	
6-10 inches once transplanted	96
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana fletcheri (Fletcher Cypress)	
A narrow pyramid in form, very neat and tidy. Compact in growth with full soft appearing foliage of blue-green color effect. On account of its erect, close habit of growth it is especially well adapted to small homes and grounds where space must be conserved. It is a tree that is pleasing in every detail. 4- 6 inches once transplanted	80
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana globosa (Sherwood Globe Cypress)	
This conifer has much the same green dense, pendulous foliage of the ordinary Lawson Cypress. The difference is in the shape which is a very broad pyramid or giant globe, decidedly unusual. A rapid grower which stands almost any amount of pruning and so lends itself well to home grounds and hedges. The great beauty of the tree, however, is seen when it is allowed to develop into a specimen.	
18-24 inches three times transplantedB&B 1.25 11.20 101 24-30"""B&B 1.50 13.50	***************************************
30-36"	20000000
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B 2.00 18.00 162	********
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana lutea (Golden Lawson Cypress)	
Dense golden cypress. The foliage is very heavy, while the tree itself is a broad symmetrical pyramid, branching close to the ground. A trim, handsome ornamental, giving the impression of an individual well dressed and groomed, and with the minimum amount of attention. Golden color throughout the year. Resembles Westermann Cypress. Height 12 to 15 feet or more.	
18-24 inches three times transplanted	*******

8	SHERWOOD NURSERY	CO., Por	tland, O	regon		
Ch	amaecyparis lawsoniana stewarti (Winter	aolden (Cypress)		
	Rather slender golden tree. Foliage erect	_			the top	
	of the tree. One of the most remarkable ar	nd most ac	dmired of	f conifers,	, always	
	attracting attention. Stately in habit, wire effective contrast. Hardy.	tn green	and gold Each	1011age	100	1000
	4- 6 inches once transplanted		\$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 80
	15-18 inches three times transplanted	B&B	.90	8.10	73	8000000
	18-24"""	B&B	1.20 1.60	10.80 14.40	97 130	*******
	3- 4 ."""	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	*****
	4- 5	В&В	2.60	23.40	0.000.000	1) #######
Cł	namaecyparis lawsoniana triomphe de bo	skoop (Ti	riomphe	de Bosk	соор Су	press)
	In color this magnificent tree occupies m		•			•
	group that Koster Blue Spruce does in the	spruces.	Of grace	ful form	and the	
	foliage has a strikingly silvery-blue sheer trees. A rapid grower and perfectly hard			itstanding	among	
	6- 7 feet four times transplanted	•	12.00	108.00		
	7- 8	B&B	14.00	126.00	*******	*******
	8-9-"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	B&B	16.00	144.00	-	## # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
	9-10	B&B	18.00	162.00	*******	******
			20.00	180.00	******	
	The above grades are fine extra heavy specin	nens.				
Cl	namaecyparis lawsoniana westermanni (W	esterma:	n Cypre	ess)		**************************************
	Foliage pendulous and heavy, velvety gol	den color	the year	around.	One of	
	the most graceful and aristocratic of the I					1
	spreading and fits to the ground in a m	ost charn	ning mar	nner. En	joys the	
	6- 7 feet four times transplanted	B&B	12.00	108.00	*******	
	The above trees are fine extra heavy specime				********	••••
01						
C	namaecyparis lawsoniana wisseli (Wissel (
	Has a dark bluish green foliage, growing					
	upright growth. One of the many beautiful			58.50	ress.	
	6- 7 feet four times transplanted	В&В		67.50	******	******
	7- 8 ."""". 8- 9"""""	B&B	8.50	76.50	4000000	
CI	namaecyparis obtusa aurea (Golden Hind	oki Cypr	ess)			
	The magnificent golden form of the H		•	ving hear	vy, rich.	
	deep golden foliage, lustrous and excepti	onally ple				
	in these respects. It is graceful and semi d			# 0.00		
	4- 5 feet four times transplanted	B&B	8.00 10.00	72.00 90.00	*****	4
	J	Dan	10.00	70.00	******	*******

Chamaecyparis obtusa crippsi (Cripps Hinoki Cypress)

The above three grades are composed of extra heavy specimens.

A very conspicuous and golden type of Hinoki Cypress, attaining a height of 6 to 8 feet. Has fern-like foliage, grows slowly and flourishes best in partial shade.

12-15	inches twice	transplanted	В&В	1.00	9.00		******
15-18))))))	B&B	1.35	12.20	******	
18-24	22 22	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	B&B	1.75	15.80	******	******

.....B&B

12.00

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Portland, Oregon	9
Chamaecyparis obtusa tetragona aurea	
An extremely handsome dwarf golden form of Hinoki Cypress. The foliage is of exceeding density and intense gold. Very rare. Irregular pyramidal in form. Unique and delightful with compelling beauty.	
Each 10 100	1000
6- 9 inches twice transplanted	\$
9-12"	0
24-30""	80-4000
24-30""	0000000
3- 4 feet four times transplantedB&B 6.50 58.50	********
4- 5	*******
Chamaecyparis obtusa torulosa	
A dwarf evergreen with dark vivid green foliage. An exquisite irregular	
pyramid in form. Rather compact, yet very graceful. A great favorite in	
our nursery and with few, if any, superiors in its class. Could be used ef-	
fectively in almost any place where a dwarf conifer is desired. Branchlets twisted and filamentous. Rare.	
9-12 inches twice transplantedB&B 1.00 9.00	
12-15 B&B 1.25 11.20	
15-18 B&B 1.50 13.50	*****
Chamaecyparis pisifera filifera nana aurea (Dwarf Golden Thread Cypress)	
Dwarf evergreen growing into a compact mass of intensely golden pendulous filaments. A remarkable irregular cone shaped conifer that adds a touch of cheer and brightness wherever used. Does best when not exposed to the continuous direct rays of the sun. Hardy.	
6- 8 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	******
Chinquapin—See Castanopsis	
Choisya ternata (Ternate Mexican Orange)	
A dense, rounded, evergreen shrub, 4 to 5 feet in height, with glossy aromatic foliage. In the spring it is covered with fragrant, white, orange like flowers.	
4-10 inches once transplanted 10	80
Cistus laurifolius (Laurel Rockrose)	
Upright shrub, growing to a height of 4 to 6 feet. The hardiest and tallest cistus. Has thick, heavy, soft green leaves usually whitish beneath. It blooms from June to August with waxy, white flowers 2 to 3 inches in diameter. The petals are marked with yellow blotches. Desirable for foundation plantings. Rare.	
15-18 inches three times transplanted B&B .75 6.80	
18-24" " " B&B .90 8.10	******
24-30 <u>""" B&B</u> 1.10 9.90 89	B0 = S0 = 4 B
30-36""	0 - 0 00 a 40
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B 1.50 13.50 122	******
Cistus purpureus (Orchid Rockrose) A garden variety and the most beautiful of the rockroses. Grows to a height of 4 feet and spread of 6 feet. The flowers which are 3 inches or more across are rich, rosy pink; stamens are yellow. A maroon blotch at their base adds to the attractively crinkled petals. Blooms much of the summer, a fresh supply of flowers appearing each day.	
18-24 inches twice transplantedB&B .90 8.10 73	**********
24-30 "" "B&B 1.10 9.90 89	*****
30-36"	*******

COTONEASTERS

Cotoneaster dammeri (humifusa) (Bearberry Cotoneaster) A small evergreen creeper often called Cotoneaster humifusa. Bears red berries in profusion. Never grows more than 6 inches tall. Fine rockery plant and good for ground covers. It also makes a wonderful wall covering when planted at the top of the wall and allowed to drape downwards. It is one of those delightful trailers, the name humifusa signifying "sprawling on the ground." A native of China, new in American gardens. Each 10 100 4-10 inches once transplanted	1000 \$ 80
10-18"	120
Fine, hardy evergreen shrub growing to 20 feet and bearing an enormous display of large clusters of scarlet berries all along the stems. Beautiful in flowers and fruit. The berry-laden stems, which gracefully arch downward with the weight of fruit, makes fine Christmas decorative material.	
6 feet three times transplanted	6 0.2 0.8 0 440
Cotoneaster horizontalis (Rock Cotoneaster) Well known and deservedly a great favorite, low growing. The side branches grow with a pleasing perfection of regularity, the leaves are small and the foliage is a good, dark green. Bears masses of red berries in the fall that are carried well into the winter. Hardy. Deciduous.	
2- 6 inches not transplanted	64 96
Cotoneaster microphylla minor (Dwarf Rockspray Cotoneaster) A delightful little dwarf. Dainty, deep green, glossy leaves, red berries. A ground cover of first rank. Hardy, free from disease. 2- 3 feet spread twice transplanted	*******
Chrysothamnus nauseosus (Shrub Goldenrod) (Rabbit Brush) Shrub Goldenrod or Rabbit Brush as it is often called is native of the sage-brush country and is decidedly different from any other plant in the nursery. It is a shapely little bush growing to a height of about 2 feet. The small slender leaves are of the softest, most delicate silvery green imaginable. The same silvery effect is carried down the stems in beautiful shading. The stems are headed with spikes of golden yellow blossoms like Goldenrod in showy, massed effect in late summer. Does best in dry soil with full sun. Very hardy. 12-18 inches once transplanted	120
CRYPTOMERIAS	
Cryptomeria japonica elegans (Plume Cryptomeria)	
A rapid growing tree with dense green plume-like foliage, which takes on a rich bronzy coloring in winter. Has good ornamental values. Reaches a height of 10 to 12 feet or more in the gardens.	
24-30 inches three times transplanted B&B 1.50 13.50 122 30-36""""	

Cryptomeria japonica elegans compacta (Co	ompact	Plume (Cryptom	eria)	
A green globe shaped tree, of unusually c effect. Unlike elegans, it is more of a dw symmetrical and dense with little or no pru Garden variety of japonica elegans, a most	ompact g arf, abou	growth a ut 5 feet onzes sli	nd soft, in heigh ghtly in	pleasing at. It is the fall.	
		Track	10	100	1000
18-24 inches three times transplanted	B&B	\$ 1.40 1.65	\$12.60 14.90	\$	\$
Cryptomeria japonica lobbi (Lobb Cryptom	eria)				
An upright shapely dwarf conifer growing lets densely clothed with heavy dark gree 15 years old are only 4 feet high. Very attr	n foliage			e. Trees	
2- 6 inches once transplanted		1.05	11.00	12	96
12-15 inches twice transplanted	R&R	1.25 1.50	11.20 13.50		
15-18" """ 18-24" """	B&B	1.75	15.80		********
Cryptomeria japonica nana (Dwarf Cryptom Light green, hardy, very compact globe, e trees are only 3 feet in height. Rare.	extremely			rear old	96
2- 6 inches once transplanted	**********	新州市企业企业股	*****	12	70
Cunninghamia lanceolata (Chinese Fir)					
A native of China. The needles grow in to shaped, flat, very pointed and attain a lesson foliage is green and bronze and the glossic are familiar. An irregular pyramid, an ariplantings. Hardy.	ength of est of an	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 y conifer	2½ inches with wl	s. The	
+- 6 inches not transplanted		*****		10	80
6-12 " " "			***************************************	12	96
12-18""	T (2) (1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4		******	15	120
Cupressus arizonica (Arizona Cypress)					
A tree of slender upright habit of growth under adverse conditions. Foliage is of silve trast effects.					
2- 3 feet three times transplanted	В&В	1.20	10.80	***	******
3- 4 _'''''''' 4- 5 _'''''''''	B&B	1.80	16.20	******	******
4- 5	В&В	2.10	18.90	***************************************	*******
Cypress—See Chamaecyparis, Cupressus					
CVTICIE IDD	0044	CI			
CYTISUS (BROOMS)					

See also Genista

Cytisus	mult	iflor	·us (White	Spanish	n Broom)
0.1			c .	*.1	1 1 .	1

Shrub to 6 feet with slender, erect branches. Flowers are white with slight blush. Blossoms in May and June.

6 feet four times transplanted......B&B 3.25 29.30

These are fine extra heavy specimens.

Cytisus multiflorus (White Gem) Similar to the White Spanish Broom but smaller growing. Each 10 100	1000
5- 6 feet four times transplantedB&B \$ 2.50 \$22.50 \$ Heavy specimens.	
Cytisus nigricans (Spike Broom) A tall rapid grower possessing yellow flowers.	
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B 1.25 11.20	4000000
Cytisus praecox (Warminister Broom) Sometimes called Moonlight Broom. Branches are heavy and numerous long and pendulous. Hardy, graceful, evergreen shrub. Flowers rich cream in color, completely covering the branches. A most pleasing and attractive shrub. Begins flowering heavily at an early age. Of garden origin. Height 5 to 6 feet.	
4- 5 feet four times transplanted B&B 3.00 27.00	410000
These are fine extra heavy specimens.	
Cytisus purgens (Provence Broom) Hardy dwarf, evergreen broom growing to 3 feet in height. Grows into a compact globe without pruning. Profuse bloomer. Flowers brilliant yellow, completely covering the plant. Fine rockery shrub. Rare.	
3- 4 feet twice transplantedB&B 2.00 18.00	*******
Cytisus purpureus (Purple Broom)	
A dwarf procumbent shrub, growing to 2 feet and bearing attractive purple flowers in profusion. Well leaved making it attractive in both leaf and blossom. A plant that is new and decidedly different among brooms. Native of south Austria and northern Italy. One of the hardiest. Very effective in mass plantings.	
18-24 inches once transplanted	104
24-30""	
Cytisus scoparius (Borsch's Prostrate Broom)	
Grows about 3 feet tall with a spread of 6 to 8 feet, making it very desirable for bank plantings. Foliage is dense. Flowers are of tri-color effect in blending of bright garnet red, rose and ivory. The color effect at a distance is rose flecked with garnet. A most profuse bloomer and unexcelled in its class. Hardy.	
4- 5 feet spread three times transplanted	******
Cytisus scoparius (Burkwood)	
Flowers are red with some bronze and pink mixed in. There is very little yellow and the general effect is dark red. Bushy erect growth, heavy bloomer. Hardy. Of English origin.	
6 feet four times transplanted	********
Cytisus scoparius (California)	
Flowers are large, foliage extra good. There is a pleasing intermingling of crimson, cream and rose in the flowers, which are well displayed on somewhat open branches. The flowers are lighter than Dorothy Walpole. The general color effect is distinctly pink.	
5- 6 feet four times transplantedB&B 3.00 27.00	******
The plants in the above grade are fine extra heavy specimens.	

Cytisus scoparius (Dorothy Walpole)

The flowers are tri-colored, well marked with crimson with rosy cream background, giving a rich maroon effect from a distance. Colors are charmingly mixed all through, and the branches are full flowered to tips. Flowers are a little smaller than other fancy brooms but are the deepest colored of all. Plant is well branched and sturdy, denser and more dwarf than most of the fancy brooms and one of the most popular. Of English origin. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B	\$ 1.00	\$ 9.00	\$ 81	\$
4- 5	1.25	11.20	101	*******
6 feet four times transplantedB&B	3.00	27.00		

The plants in the above grade are fine extra heavy specimens.

Cytisus scoparius (Marie Burkwood)

Tri-color flowers in gold, rose and scarlet, beautifully blended and attractive in every detail. Like the other fancy brooms, a detailed analysis of the flowers seems only to detract from the general effect of superb loveliness possessed by the masses of shapely flowers. The Marie Burkwood is one of this class. Hardy.

4- 5 feet four times transplanted B&B 3.00 27.00

The plants in the above grade are fine extra heavy specimens.

Cytisus scoparius newreyensis

Flowers appear in pastel shades of cream and magenta. Not as showy as some but adds variety. Grows to a height of 6 to 8 feet with a spread of 5 to 6 feet. Foliage very fine. Blooms a little later. Rare.

Cytisus scoparius (Pomona)

The blossoms are tri-colored in which scarlet red is outstanding, but is richly interspersed all through with splashes and dashes of cream and light gold giving a rich pink effect. The graceful pendulous branches are blossom laden to the extreme tips and the delicate foliage is soft and velvety. The whole effect of plant and flower is one of brilliant cheerfulness and rich individuality. Height 4 to 5 feet. Hardy. There is no better broom than Pomona.

5- 6 feet four times transplanted......B&B 3.00 27.00

These are fine extra heavy specimens.

Cytisus scoparius (San Francisco)

The flowers are large and abundant in most pleasing shades of rose and cardinal but the outstanding effect is deep red. Bright and colorful. It is the equal of any and excells in brilliancy. The plant is a good strong grower. Hardy. Height 6 to 8 feet.

6 feet four times transplanted......B&B 3.00 27.00

The plants in the above grade are fine extra heavy specimens.

Cytisus scoparius (Stanford)

Fancy broom of outstanding loveliness. Tri-color effect in which there is a perfect, artistic blending and richness of coloring in crimson, cream and gold. Flowers are large and are produced in graceful profusion over the whole plant. Plant is sturdy and dense, foliage velvety. Hardy. Height 12 to 15 feet.

6 feet four times transplanted......B&B 3.00 27.00

Cytisus scoparius (St. Marys)	
These plants are fine extra heavy specimens.	
Flowers are large, clear, creamy white in color and well distributed along the branches. Plant is of rather symmetrical growth, strong and vigorous. For	
purity of color St. Marys stands alone. Hardy. Height 6 feet.	
	1000
7 con tour common example and the control of the co	
The plants in the above grade are fine extra heavy specimens.	
Elaeagnus pungens maculata (Goldenleaf Elaeagnus)	
A delightful large growing evergreen shrub or small tree. The broad leaves are an intense gold with a green margin on the upper surface, russet beneath.	
The general effect is bright gold. A very shapely rounded shrub of great	
appeal. Hardy and rare. 2- 6 inches once transplanted	80
2- 6 menes once transplanted	
ERICA (HEATHS)	
See also Calluna	
Erica carnea (King George)	
The red carnea. Grows 6 inches high with a spread of 2 to 3 feet. Foliage	
thick dark green, flowers bright red and completely cover the plant when in	
bloom in the spring. New introduction from England. One of the showiest and one of the prettiest of dwarf heaths.	
6- 9 inches twice transplantedB&B .45 4.10 36 .	
9-12" B&B .60 5.40 49 .	
The above two grades are composed of fine, heavily budded specimens. If you desire either of these two grades lifted with considerable soil clinging to the roots	
but not B&B, deduct 10 cents per plant. They move excellently in this manner. 12-15 inches twice transplanted	
12-15 menes twice transplanted	••••••
Erica carnea sherwoodi (Sherwood Creeping Heath)	
Low growing heath with brilliantly green foliage. Blooms very profusely in	
late winter and spring. Flowers bright carmine red. Perfectly hardy. Splendid new evergreen. Height 6 inches. Has the habit of rooting along the stems	
thereby spreading almost indefinitely in a very satisfactory manner. An ex-	
traordinarily beautiful gem in rockeries, around pool margins and in borders. A superb ground cover. Delightfully fresh in appearance the year round.	
6- 9 inches twice transplantedB&B .45 4.10 36	
9-12	041100000
The above two grades are composed of fine, heavily budded specimens. If you desire either of these two grades lifted with considerable soil clinging to the roots	
but not B&B, deduct 10 cents per plant. They move excellently in this manner.	
12-15 inches twice transplantedB&B .75 6.80 61	
Erica mediterranea (Darley Heath)	
This is one of the most attractive and desirable plants grown in our nursery.	
It is hardy and dwarf, seldom reaching more than 1 foot in height. It has beautiful, dense, dark green foliage, and from early winter to late spring	
is covered with such a profusion of lovely purplish blossoms that the foliage	
is practically obscured. It is not unusual to see this brave little plant blossoming through the snow. Being a winter bloomer, hardy, equally good for	
rockeries, borders, groups and masses, it should be included in every planting.	
3- 8 inches once transplanted 10	80

An upright heather to 4 or 5 feet. Vigorous grower with fine, very dense dark green foliage and producing a wealth of lovely purple tinted flower In general characteristics it might be thought of as a tall erect form of Darke Heath. Fits well into average plantings. Hardy. Blooms through the spring season. A gorgeous plant in bloom and always attractive in foliage. Rarket Lach 10 10	ey eg e. 0 1000
10-15 inches once transplanted	
A shrub that is fragrant both in flower and foliage. Leaves are bright glossy green, small and delicate. Flowers are reddish pink and well fitted in form and color to the foliage making a pleasing combination. Grows to height of 5 or 6 feet with long, slender, pendulous branches. Hardy ever green.	ed a
12-24 inches once transplanted1	2 96
EUONYMUS	
Euonymus japonicus medio-pictus (Yelloweye Euonymus)	
Hardy evergreen shrub 5 to 6 feet. Upright growing. Leaves are variegated	
medium size and glossy with green edges and having a bright golden spot of eye in the center that is attractive. Comparatively rare and possessing fir ornamental qualities.	
8-12 inches twice transplanted B&B .50 4.50 12-15 " " " B&B .60 5.40 4 15-18 " " " B&B .75 6.80 6 18-24 " " B&B 1.00 9.00	
12-15"	
18-24	#******
Euonymus japonicus microphyllus (Boxleaf Euonymus)	
A dense, glossy leaved evergreen growing into a perfectly formed 2 foot glob Small, box-like foliage as indicated in the name. Works well into formal plantings. Dwarf, hardy, and very rare.	
6- 9 inches twice transplantedB&B .50 4.50 9-12"B&B .65 5.90	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Euonymus radicans (Wintercreeper) Low procumbent shrub. May be trailing and rooting or climbing branche sometimes reaching a height of several feet. The rich green foliage is carried all winter. It is at its best when planted against a wall or building where will climb for several feet and grow in decorative beauty year by year. It belongs to a class of very worthy shrubs. Hardy evergreen. Beautiful it rockeries or when hanging over walls. A very superior ground cover. 12-24 inches twice transplanted	d it It n
	120
Euonymus radicans argenteo marginatus (Silveredge Wintercreeper) A variegated, low, procumbent shrub with often trailing and rooting of climbing branches. Very dense foliage, which presents a light appearance is summer, and a cheerful and particularly pleasing one, when in the winter season the variegation of the dainty leaves takes on charming tints of reand pink when flowers are scarce in the garden and a touch of color is we come. Dwarf and hardy. Height about 18 inches but will mass up against wall to a height of 6 feet or more in old specimens. 6-9 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	n er d l- a
9-12" 3.60 3: 12-15" B&B .60 5.40	
12-15 "	

Euonymus radicans coloratus (Purple leaf Wintercreeper)

A trailing evergreen form of unsurpassed merit. Can be used effectively as a ground cover, or to train against walls or rocks in natural beauty. The foliage which is always good is at the height of its glory when in the autumn it takes on the rich colorings of red and bronze that are carried through the winter.

Very hardy.	Each	10	100	1000
12-24 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 15	\$ 120
12-24 inches spread twice transplanted BR specimens		4.10	36	******
2- 3 feet spread twice transplantedB&B	.75	6.80	61	
3- 4	1.00	9.00	81	******

Euonymus radicans vegetus (Bigleaf Wintercreeper)

A larger type of radicans. The leaves which possess the same dark, rich green color, are of profuse growth and larger than those of radicans. The plant grows to a height of about 3 feet and attains a spread of 5 feet or more. Very hardy.

12-15 inches spread	twice transplanted	B&B .50	4.50	e	
15-18""	77	B&B .60	5.40		*******
18-24""	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	B&B .75	6.80		
2- 3 feet spread to	wice transplanted	B&B .90	8.10		0000000

Euonymus radicans vegetus argenteo-marginatus (Variegated Bigleaf Wintercreeper)

Much the same as the Silveredge Wintercreeper but larger and more spreading and with larger leaves which take on charming tints of red and pink that are a delight in the winter season. Foliage dense. Height about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, spread 4 feet or more. Shade loving evergreen.

6- 9 inches twice transplanted BR specimens		2.70	24	
9-12"""	0000000000	3.60	32	
12-15 inches twice transplantedB&B	.60	5.40	49	

Fatshedera lizei

An evergreen shrub growing to a height of 6 feet although it will reach a height of 12 feet or more when trained against a wall or lattice. A cross between Fatsia and English Ivy, it has large glossy leaves of charming deep green color. A plant of rare and fine characteristics especially attractive in patios or about pergolas.

12-15	inches	twice	transplanted	B&B	.50	4.50		
				В&В		5.40	0000000	
18-24	22	"	27	B&B	.80	7.20		

Fir—See Abies, Pseudotsuga, Cunninghamia

Firethorn—See Pyracantha

Gaultheria procumbens (Wintergreen)

This is the little plant which produces the true wintergreen flavor and from which wintergreen oil is extracted. There is nothing with which it can be compared for the reason that it is in a class by itself. It is a sturdy, hardy little subject florishing northward into Canada and well to the southward particularly in elevated regions. The tiny leaves are nicely rounded, deep green and glossy and take on rich shadings of deep red in the autumn. Grows to a height of only 4 to 6 inches but produces a matted ground covering. Bears bright red berries in great abundance. These berries, which are edible, remain on the plants until the following summer. Children often take delight in gathering them as well as the tender young leaves for their sweet wintergreen flavor. When food is scarce in the winter season they form a

GENISTA (BROOMS)

See also Cytisus

Genista hispanica (Spanish Broom)

Sometimes called Spanish Gorse. Exceedingly dense rounded evergreen about 2 feet high spreading 3 to 4 feet. Shapely and attractive in the flower and in the foliage which conceals numerous thin sharp spines. Like the tiger's velvety paw, the fine foliage completely conceals the ferocious claws hidden underneath. Hardy and has unexcelled merit for special plantings. A splendid shrub.

9-12 inches twice transplanted (BR hedge grade)	*****	3.60	32	
12-15""""		4.50	41	
4- 5 feet spread three times transplantedB&B	3.00	27.00		

The above grade is composed of fine extra heavy specimens, perfect globes.

Genista prostata

The densest and most compact of all creeping brooms. Grows to a height of 18 inches and so completely covers the ground that weeds cannot come through. Branches are small, gracefully fall over the ground, taking root, and so the plant spreads in a solid mass. Remarkably good for covering banks or slopes. Flowers are yellow and plentiful, and the foliage is fine green at all seasons.

Genista radiata

2 to 3 feet in height with flowers of deep yellow. A rounded shrub with odd habit of growth in that the branches radiate at right angles in all directions from the main stem.

6-10 inches once transplanted....... 10

Gentiana acaulis clusi (Clusius Stemless Gentian)

Small evergreen plants growing 2 to 3 inches high and 6 to 8 inches across. They are covered with enormous, short stemmed, trumpet shaped flowers, 2½ inches or more in length, of the marvelous deep, pure, gentian blue which has no equal in coloring in the entire flower kingdom. Single plants often produce 12 or 15 of the enormous flowers at one time. Plants bloom heavily in the spring and continue blooming less abundantly throughout the season. No small evergreen grows of more charm than the Gentian. Perfectly hardy.

1- 2 inches once transplanted ______ 15 120 2- 3 inch spread—specimen clumps _____ 25 2.30 20 _____

Germander—See Teucrium

Heath-See Erica

Heather—See Erica, Calluna

Hedera helix arborescens (Bush English Ivy)

A broad leaved evergreen, with every appearance of ivy in bush form, but often having the ivy-like leaves twisted and contorted in an interesting manner. Does well in sun or shade. Reaches a height of $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet and spread of 4

reet. very nardy and desirable.	Each	10	100	1000
6-12 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 96
12-16 "" ""			16	128
8-12 inches twice transplantedB&B	.60	5.40	***************************************	*******
12-15 "" "B&B	.70	6.30	*******	

Hedera helix conglomerata (Bunchleaf English Ivy)

Low growing. Leaves crowded, contorted and small, giving a pleasing massed effect, as the plant lies flat upon the ground. Foliage deep dense green. An interesting plant, which attracts much attention and one which makes a dense, compact ground cover. Very hardy.

2- 4	inches on	ce transplanted	******	9 72
4- 8	" "			12 96

Hemlock—See Tsuga

Holly—See Ilex

Hollygrape—See Mahonia

Ilex pernyi (Perny Holly)

Semi-dwarf, heavily foliaged, broad leaved evergreen. Leaves are very prickly. Bears red berries in profusion. Hardy. Native of central China.

				transplanted			9.00		
15-18	27	""	"		B&B	1 25	11 20	******	*******
18-24	33	23	22))	R&R	1.20	12.50	******	
24-30	"	"	>>	39	D & D	1.50	15.50	4.4.0	******
20 26	,,	,,,		99	D&D	1./5	15.80	142	******
30-30	C 1			27	В&В	1.90	17.10	154	*******
3- 4	feet th	ree tu	mes tr	ansplanted	B&B	2.10	18.90	*******	

Ivy—See Hedera

JUNIPERUS (JUNIPERS)

Juniperus chinensis femina (sylvestris) (Reeve's Juniper)

A loosely branched tree, tips slightly nodding. Foliage bright green, completely covering the branches, in fact so dense that the branches appear to be moss laden. Contrast between adult and juvenile foliage is very delightful. A wonderful hardy tree.

12-15 inches twice transplanted				
15-18 " "	.90	8.10	******	******
3- 4 feet four times traperland 1 (1)	1.15	10.40		
3- 4 feet four times transplanted (heavy)	6.00	54.00		

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper)

This well known juniper can scarcely be excelled for terrace and mass planting. Upright training gives it a very individual habit of growth and greater range of landscape uses. It is hardy and a rapid, vigorous grower and thrives under adverse conditions of soil and climate. It has a fine green foliage, which with a little pruning forms a dense mass. Broadly spreading, reaching in older trees a diameter of 20 to 25 feet. Probably the most universal favorite of all junipers of its type. We regret not having small B&B sizes. Try substituting Juniperus contorta.

Each 10 100

These standards are Pfitzer Junipers which have been staked upright. They are uniformly about 6 feet high and have been sheared to 15 inches in diameter all the way up to the crowns which spread like umbrellas to 3 or 4 feet in diameter. Unique and attractive. It takes years to train Pfitzers like these. They are dense, shapely beauties. Nothing in our nursery attracts more attention than these magnificent specimens.

Juniperus chinensis procumbens (Chinese Creeping Juniper)

A very hardy prostrate form with rigid horizontal branches. Foliage rather coarse and prickly, bright green all seasons of the year. Juvenile and adult foliage is intermingled in heavy mats along the stems.

12-15	inches twice	transplanted	B&B	1.00	9.00	*******	
15-18	22 22		B&B	1.25	11.20		******
18-24))))	,,	В&В	1.50	13.50		

Juniperus chinensis procumbens albo-variegata (White Variegated Creeping Juniper)

A variegated form of the above with white splashes and tips intermingled with the green.

15-18	inches	twice	transplanted	B&B	1.25	11.20	101	
18-24	"			B&B	1.50	13.50	122	******
24-30	,,,			B&B	1.85	16.70	150	*******

Juniperus chinensis procumbens aureo-variegata (Gold Variegated Creeping Juniper)

Same as the above but with golden splashes and tips. Much could be said for these fine junipers.

4- 6	inches once transplanted				12	96
	inches twice transplanted			5.90		
	,, ,, ,, ,,		.80	7.20		******
12-15	55 55 77	В&В	1.00	9.00	81	
	22 22 22		1.25	11.20	101	******
	22 22 22		1.50	13.50	*****	******

Juniperus contorta

A remarkably fine semi-prostrate juniper. Stout branches reach out usually horizontally, though some ascend slightly and turn or twist in a very interesting manner. Dark green foliage thickly clothes the branches throughout the year and is almost indistinguishable from that of Koster Redcedar. Much slower growing than either Koster Redcedar or Pfitzer Juniper. Aged specimens are 3 to 4 feet high and 6 to 8 feet in diameter and present a fascinating irregular appearance. Splendid for terrace and mass plantings. Very hardy and rare. We are not certain of the name.

24-30	inches	twice	transplanted	B&B	1.85	16.70	150	
30-36	"			B&B	2.25	20.30	182	******

Juniperus horizontalis (Bar Harbor Blue Creeping	Juniper)		
Procumbent, with trailing, spreading branches v			ge, form-	
ing a compact mat in mature plants. Foliage is	charming	steel-blue	the year	
round, almost cypress-like in texture somewha	it resembli	ing the V	vaukegan	
Juniper. Native Nova Scotia to British Colum	bia and s	outh to N	ew York.	
Very Hardy. Valuable as a ground cover in ex	posed situa	ations and	in sandy	
and rocky soil, combining as it does delightful que of growth and hardiness.				1000
	Each		100 \$ 101	\$
15-18 inches twice transplanted	kB = 1.50		122	ψ
18-24	kB 1.75		142	0000000
Juniperus horizontalis glanca (Blue Creeping Jun	inorl			
Very similar to the Bar Harbor Blue with stee year and more cypress like in texture. A very				
hardy.	y lovely t	rannig 10	ini. very	
12-15 inches twice transplantedB8	kB 1.00	9.00	81	********
15-18"	kB 1.25		101	*******
18-24"	kB 1.50	13.50	122	0000000
Juniperus japonica (Japanese Juniper)				
Hardy, creeping juniper, foliage sharp, gray g	maan in ac	1 V	J 1.1 .	
for rockeries, terraces, walls and the like. Clings	close to th	ne ground	desirable	
up in large specimens to 12 or 18 inches. Very		ic ground	out heaps	
15-18 inches twice transplantedB8	kB 1.25	11.20	101	
18-24"	kB 1.50	13.50	*******	*******
Juniperus japonica bandai sugi				
One of the best dwarf junipers. Vase shaped i	in habit w	with long	ascending	
plume like branches nodding at the tips and foliage. Hardy, dwarf, slow-growing. Unique	rich, gre	en, heavil	y matted	
growth.	DOCH III 10	mage and	nabit of	
12-15 inches twice transplanted B8	&B 1.00	9.00		
15-18""	kB 1.25		*******	
18-24"	kB 1.50		******	******
4- 5 feet four times transplantedB8	&B 8.00	72.00		******
Heavy specimens.				
1				
Juniperus japonica bandai sugi aurea				
One of the best dwarf junipers. Vase shaped in	in habit w	vith long	ascending	
plume like branches nodding at the tips and	rich, gold	en, heavil	y matted	
foliage. Hardy, dwarf, slow-growing. Unique growth. A new aristocrat.	DOUL III 10	mage and	habit of	
6- 9 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	****	6.80		
9-12 inches twice transplanted Bit speemens	&B 1.25		61 101	********
30-36 inches four times transplantedB8	&B 7.50		101	
3- 4 feet four times transplantedB		85.50	******	*******
The plants in the above grades are fine extra heavy	y specimen	S.		
Juniperus sabina (Savin Juniper)				
A semi spreading, many branched conifer growing	ing to a h	aight of A	foot	
hardy and with good green color at all seasons	of the year	r.	reet, very	
9-12 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	*******			
12-15 inches twice transplantedB	&B .90		******	*******

Juniperus sabina variegata (Hoarfrost Savin Juniper)

Prostrate juniper having a delicate variegation th	hroughout	giving it	the ap-	
pearance of having been sprinkled with frost. Ha	ardy and	rare. An	exceed-	
ingly attractive variety.	Each	10	100	1000
6- 9 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	\$	\$ 5.00	\$ 45	\$
9-12 """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""		5.90	53	

1.00

9.00

81

Juniperus sabina tamarisifolia (Tamarix Savin Juniper)

Color a bright, cheerful bluish green throughout the year, symmetrical and compact in form and growth, seldom over 18 inches high. Hardy and one of the finest of creeping varieties. Decidedly ornamental in almost any planting.

3-	4	feet fo	ur times	transplanted	В&В	5.50	49.80	******	
4-	5	"""	, ,,,))	B&B	6.50	58.50	******	

The plants in the above two grades have been staked up to these heights. They spread about 3 feet and present a very contorted, picturesque habit of growth with many descending branches, the tips often turning upwards. Just the tree for that unusual corner or pocket in the rockery. They are beautiful extra heavy specimens.

Juniperus virginiana (Redcedar)

Native extending over an area from Canada to Florida. Foliage dense green in spring, darkening to a rich bronze in winter. A compact, pyramidal tree of great hardiness. Does well in poor soil.

6-12 inches not transplanted		*****		9 12	- 72 96
12-15 inches twice transplanted	В&В	.75	6.80		******
15-18"""			8.10	73	*******
18-24"""	В&В	1.15	10.40	93	-
24-30 """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	В&В	1.40	12.60	113	*******
30-36"""	В&В	1.65	14.90	134	00=0000

Juniperus virginiana elegantissima (Goldtip Redcedar)

This is a tree that will add variety to the planting. The habit of growth is somewhat bushy. The pendulous foliage is tipped with gold in the spring, becoming richer and deeper in color later in the season.

3- 4 feet four times transplanted (heavy).......B&B 8.00 72.00

Juniperus virginiana sherwoodi (Sherwood Redcedar)

This tree is a constant source of pleasure and surprise. Always a shapely pyramid with fine dense foliage. Its color changes are bewildering. In the spring the inner foliage is dark green and the long slender tips are a beautiful cream. In summer the whole tree is a solid bright green similar to Cannarti. And in winter the green changes to a very dark pleasing plum color. In different seasons Sherwood Redcedar takes on the appearance of three different trees. A rugged, hardy juniper.

12-15	inches twice transplanted	В&В	1.25	11.20	101	******
15-18))	B&B	1.55	14.00	126	******
18-24	33 33 33	B&B	2.00	18.00	162	******

Kalmia latifolia (Mountain Laurel)

Native of the Appalachian mountains. Grows into a compact, symmetrical shrub, densely covered with foliage. Leaves medium size, glossy and unchanging throughout the year. When in bloom the plants are literally bouquets of lovely, cup-shaped flowers, ranging from almost white to deep pink in color on individual specimens. Effective singly or in mass plantings. Height 3 feet or more. Very hardy and very desirable.

		10		
2- 6 inches once transplanted	. \$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 80
6-12 "" "" "" ""			16	128
12-15" ""			28	224
6-12 inches twice transplanted			25	200
12-15 "" ""	m — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		40	320

Kinnikinnick—See Arctostaphylos

Laurel—See Kalmia, Aucuba, Laurocerasus, Ceanothus

Laurocerasus Iusitanica (Portuguese Laurel)

A native of Spain and Portugal, Lusitania being the ancient name of the region almost coincident with Portugal. Grows into a tree in the land of its nativity, but farther north reaches the proportions of a fine shrub. Unexcelled among broad leaved evergreens for hedges. The older plants are magnificent when covered with a mass of spikes, 6 inches long, of white, fragrant blossoms in the spring. Dark green, glossy foliage, large leaves. A hardy strong growing plant which stands shearing well. A beautiful shrub especially when planted with other evergreens.

12-15 inches three times transplantedB&B	.60	5.40	######################################	******
18-24"	.95	8.60		*******
24-30"	1.20	10.80		
30-36 inches three times transplantedB&B	1.40	12.60		
5- 6 feet four times transplanted (heavy)B&B	4.00	36.00	324	*******
6- 7 .""	5.00	45.00	405	/

Laurocerasus zabeliana (Zabel Laurel)

Grows 6 to 8 feet high, wide spreading and is covered in the spring of the year with large spikes of white scented flowers. Foliage rich, glossy green little affected by cold or dry weather. Hardier than English or Portugal Laurel. Being hardy, semi-dwarf and a good bloomer it meets a need in landscaping and will unquestionably be used a great deal as it becomes better known. Rare.

12-15 inches twice	transplantedB&H	.60	5.40	******	
--------------------	-----------------	-----	------	--------	--

Leucothoe catesbaei (Drooping Leucothoe)

One of the most ornamental of the broad leaved evergreens. Semi-dwarf and hardy. A good under-cover plant or facer for taller shrubs. Makes fine sprays for florists' use. Large, glossy foliage, turning to gorgeous shades of red and bronze in the fall and winter. White flowers produced in clusters in the early spring. Erect, but with tips of branches drooping.

6-12	inches twice	transplanted			10	96
12-18	22 . 22))	******	*******	14	90
14-10			******		16	128
					10	247

80

Libocedrus decurrens (Western Incense Cedar)

A shapely pyramid in form, with fine, fan-like foliage, that is dense, and a beautiful glossy green. The foliage is also delightfully fragrant. The bark is bright cinnamon-red. Incense Cedar is native Oregon to California and western Nevada. Flourishes on the cold eastern slopes of the Cascade mountains and in dry, rocky soil. A tall growing tree. As an ornamental, they are grown chiefly for their handsome, fragrant evergreen foliage and charming habit of growth. The perfect symmetry of growth from the ground to tip of the tree is a characteristic that places decurrens almost in a class by itself, the only other conifer that is comparable being Sequoia gigantea.

							Each	10	100	1000
2-	3	feet	three	times	transplanted	В&В	\$ 1.25	\$11.20	\$ 101	\$
3-	4	22			3,9	B&B	1.75	15.80	142	*******
4-	5				77	B&B	2.00	18.00	162	*******
6-	7	22		,,,))	B&B	3.00	27.00	243	*******
7-	8	22	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,	,,,	B&B	3.50	61.50	284	
8-	9	22	""	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,))	B&B	4.00	36.00	324	
9-1	10	,,	"	22		B&B	4.50	40.50	365	

Lithocarpus densiflora (Tan Oak)

An evergreen oak, native of southern Oregon, and the only representative of the genus in America. Foliage is very dense with leaves which are green above, rusty underneath and silvery at the tips of branches, producing a russet effect of pleasing beauty. Limbs are long, curving and picturesque. Has a large, rounded top which is as wide as it is tall. Bark has been used for tanning. The great value of the tree is for ornamental use, combining as it does, qualities of stability and beauty in a striking manner. It is in every way a noble tree. Height 70 to 100 feet.

12-15	inches twice	transplanted	B&B	.60	5.40		******
15-18	"	7,7	B&B	.90	8.10		
))		1.20	10.80	97	
	feet twice tr		R&B	1.50	13.50		

Mahonia nervosa (Longleaf Hollygrape)

Plants grow 12 to 18 inches tall. The leaves which are 12 to 15 inches long are beautifully fern like in form. Flowers are bright golden yellow, followed by bunches of bright blue, grape like fruit. The foliage is dark green turn-

ing to most beautiful shades of brilliant red and bronze in		
well in sun or shade. Thrives under conifers. Very hardy.	One of the	every
best of Oregon's native shrubs.		
6-10 inches not transplanted.	******	10

Manzanita—See Arctostaphylos

Mexican Orange (See Choisya)

Mountain Laurel-See Kalmia

Myrtle-See Vinca, Umbellularia

Nandina domestica (Nandina)

A native of the Orient. Characterized by delicate foliage, the long slender leaves being frond-like. It bears large clusters of bright red berries which at times almost cover the tops of the plant. Some of the leaves turn in autumn to attractive shades of red, bronze and scarlet, and some remain green. Height 4 to 5 feet. Good for specimen or mass plantings. One of the finest hardy evergreens grown.

CYCI SI COME SI - II					
12-15 inches three times transplanted	B&B	.55	5.00	45	*******
15-18	В&В	.70	6.30	57	*******
18-24 "," "," "," ","			8.10	73	
24-30 """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	В&В	1.10	9.90	89	
30-36	B&B	1.35	12.20	109	
	B&B			134	

Oak—See Lithocarpus

Oregon Grape—See Mahonia

Osteomeles schwerianae (Chinese Bonyberry)

A hardy evergreen shrub with dainty, bright green, fern-like foliage and slender, rigid stems. Flowers like tiny apple blossoms, followed by blue berries. Does well in dry soil and full sun. Has gently weeping habit. Height 6 to 8 feet. A plant which displays real class and refinement. Very rare.

				Each	10	100	1	000
2- 6	inches	once	transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$	80

Periwinkle—See Vinca

Pernettya mucronata (Chilean Pernettya)

RED BERRIED.

Also known as South American Huckleberry. Neat evergreen foliage, white flowers. The shrub reaches a height of 4 feet and a spread of 3 or 4 feet. Native from Mexico to southern South America. Hardy in sheltered positions as far north as New York. An old and almost forgotten garden favorite, but one which is rapidly and deservedly coming into popular favor. All during the fall and early winter the plants are loaded with an astounding mass of large, exceedingly attractive, dark red berries.

4- 8 inches once transplanted				12	96
18-24 inches twice transplanted	B&B	1.25	11.20	0000000	
30-36"	В&В	1.75	15.80		

Photinia glabra (Japanese Photinia)

Upright evergreen shrub to 6 feet or more having very fine ornamental qualities. Leaves of medium size on slender vertical branches. Best known for its brilliant foliage which during most of the year is a showy copper red. Outstanding when seen with other shrubs. Hardy.

4- 6 inches once transplanted		*********	. 8	64
6-12 "" "" ""			12	96
12-24 """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""		*******	16	128
15-18 inches twice transplantedB&B	.90	8.10		
18-24	1.10	9.90		
30-36	1.65	14.90		
3- 4 feet twice transplantedB&B	2.00	18.00	~	
4- 5"B&B		22.50	******	

Photinia serrulata (Chinese Photinia)

Native of China. A hardy, rapid growing evergreen with large, dark green, glossy leaves having serrated edges. Without doubt one of the most desirable of all broad leaved shrubs. The tips of the new foliage in spring and summer are fiery red simulating blossoms in appearance when seen at a distance. Its shades of red and crimson are unsurpassed by any evergreen. Medium sized plant which responds well to pruning.

1 2 3				
12-15 inches three times transplantedB&B	.70	6.30	57	
15-18"	.90	8.10	73	
18-24"	1.10	9.90	89	2000004
24-30"	1.35	12.20	109	0000000
30-36"	1.65	14.90	134	*******
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B	2.00	18.00	162	*******
4- 5 feet four times transplantedB&B	4.00	36.00		
5- 6 -''"	5.00	45.00	******	*******
6- 7	7.50	67.50	*******	
7- 8 -" B&B	10.00	90.00		*******

The above four grades are composed of extra heavy specimens.

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Portland, Oregon	25
Photinia serrulata variegata	
A variegated form of the above. Each 10 100	1000
15-18 inches three times transplanted	\$
18-24"	Ψ
24-30 B&B 1.35 12.20	*******
18-24" " " B&B 1.10 9.90 24-30" " " B&B 1.35 12.20 30-36" " " B&B 1.65 14.90	*******
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B 2.00 18.00	*********
PICEA (SPRUCES)	
Picea engelmanni (Engelmann Spruce)	
A large growing tree, having slender, spreading branches which form a dense, narrow pyramid. Has bluish green to steel-blue foliage. Hardy ornamental. Native of the Cascade and Rocky mountains.	
1- 4 inches not transplanted 5	40
4- 8	56
Picea excelsa nidiformis (Nest Spruce)	
A dwarf conifer with exceedingly compact dark green foliage. Very slow growing. In shape it is a flattened globe. Trees 20 to 30 years old will have	
a height of 2 to 3 feet and a spread of 4 to 5 feet. One of the finest of the dwarfs.	
6- 9 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	******
9-12"	0.000
12-15"	*******
Picea excelsa sherwoodi (Sherwood's Multnomah Spruce)	
A spruce that is new and entirely different. It may be described as being compact but of irregular, flattened, globe like habit of growth. The parent tree which is 25 to 30 years of age is 4 feet tall and 8 feet across. It is at its best with little or no pruning. The outstanding individuality of this hardy spruce makes it admirably fitted for naturalistic and picturesque plantings. The irregular outline gives it a rugged appearance. Few trees in our nursery attract more attention than the thick growing parent tree.	
12-15 inches three times transplantedB&B 1.50 13.50 122	
15-18""	4=====
15-18""	
Picea glauca albertiana (Alberta White Spruce)	
Splendid geographical variety of white spruce from Alberta. Large growing hardy tree, narrow pyramidal habit, thick, dense foliage, and having short, thick needles well crowded together.	
6-12 inches once transplanted 12	96
12-18"	128
18-24	160
Picea glauca conica (Dwarf Alberta Spruce)	
A neat, trim, dwarf conifer growing into a close, compact, narrow pyramid. Foliage light green and of pleasing softness in appearance. A very rugged, hardy, slow-growing tree, admirably adapted to small homes where space is a factor. A great favorite and deservedly so.	
a factor. A great favorite and descrivedly so.	

1.50

1.75

13.50

15.80

122

142

Picea orientalis (Oriental Spruce)

Resembles Norway Spruce but is much more slender and graceful, in fact a tree of outstandingly neat and tidy appearance. Clad well to the ground with branches and foliage. Fits into plantings where space is a factor. The general effect of mature trees is one of perfection. Native of Western Asia and the Caucasus.

****	d the Cauca	sus.		Łach	10	100	1000
12-15	inches twice	transplanted	B&B	\$.75	\$ 6.80	\$ 61	\$
15-18	27 27		B&B	1.00	9.00	81	******
18-24	22 22	33	B&B	1.25	11.20		*******

Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)

Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The color effect ranges from green to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very hardy tree of symmetrical habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the spruces. Flourishes under adverse conditions.

1- 4	inches	not	transplanted	 ******	5	40
4-10			7)	 	8	64

Pieris japonica (Oriental Pieris)

A shrub of oriental origin, growing to a height of 4 or 5 feet. Has glossy deep green foliage. In early spring it is crowned in a magnificent way with large clusters and masses of white drooping bell-shaped flowers which sometimes appear before the last late flurries of snow have gone. The young foliage is tinged with pink. One of the very best evergreen ornamentals for landscaping purposes. Hardy.

2- 4	inches once	transplanted	*********	******		A	8	64
6- 9	inches twice	e transplanted	BR speci	mens	.50	4.50	41	0000000
9-12	?? ;;		,,))	.70	6.30	57	********
12-15	27 27	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	**********	B&B	1.00	9.00	81	
15-18	37 77	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	**************	B&B	1.25	11.20	101	01000000

PINUS (PINES)

Pinus aristata (Bristlecone Pine)

Slow growing and rather dwarf. A handsome low shrub with a picturesque and irregular habit of growth. Branches thickly clothed with heavy dark green foliage. Hardy into New England. A native of western mountains.

3-	6	inches	not	transplanted	******	******	8	64
----	---	--------	-----	--------------	--------	--------	---	----

Pinus lambertiana (Sugar Pine)

One of the taller trees of the Pacific Coast reaching a height of over 200 feet. Range from Oregon to Mexico. Has dark green handsome foliage. Cones up to 20 inches in length.

4-6	inches	once	transplanted	ya 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	6000000	*******	6	48
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			*******	7	56
					******	*******	9	72
18-24	77	23	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		drocusos	*******	11	
12-15	inches	twice	transplanted	B&B	.60	5.40		
15-18	33))	B&B	.70	6.30	********	***************************************
18-24	33))	B&B	.90	8.10	******	

Pinus mughus compacta (Mugho Pine)

A dense, stout dwarf evergreen, of unquestionable hardiness. Coming from the high mountains of central Europe it has been dwarfed as trees frequently are that are storm swept for centuries along bleak coast lines or in rugged mountains, and only the hardiest and fittest survive. Such is the selected Mugho Pine, without a peer as a dwarf mountain evergreen. Mature trees reach a height of 4 to 5 feet but having a spread of 6 to 8 feet. It grows with numerous branches and can be kept sheared to small size if desired. Very dense, compact and deep green summer and winter. Our trees are grown from selected seed of the best type and are of very uniform quality.

	Each	10	100	1000
12-15 inches three times transplantedB&B	\$ 1.10	\$ 9.90	\$ 80	\$
15-18" "B&B	1.25	11.20	101	*******
18-24"	1.50	13.50	122	

All of the above grades are sheared specimens. They are superb.

The 12-15 inch grade handles in first-class condition bare root. The price is the same as when B&B.

Pinus sylvestris (Scotch Pine)

Native from Europe to western and northern Asia. Grows into a large spreading tree with rounded top. The leaves are twisted, bluish green in color and $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches in length. Reaches a height of 70-120 feet. Needs wide, open places with room for development.

2-	3	feet	three	times	transplanted	B&B	1.20	- 10.80	*******	
3-	4			??	2)	B&B	1.50	13.50	122	

Pinus tabulaeformis (Chinese Pine)

A medium sized conifer, native of western China. Dense foliage, which clothes even the stems and branches. Needles 2 to 4 inches long, charmingly brilliant green, soft to the touch and of soft, silky luster. The foliage is a distinctive and decidedly pleasing shade of green, and is in this respect unquestionably the finest of any conifer that we are growing. Its general effect is just right. It could hardly be surpassed for large banks and hillside plantings. Hardy into New England in sheltered locations. Rare. Splendid hedge subject.

15-18	inches	three	times	transplanted	В&В	.70	6.30	57	********
					B&B	.90	8.10	73	*******
24-30	,,,			33	B&B	1.35	12.20	109	*******
30-36	22		33	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	В&В	1.65	14.90	134	0000000

Pseudotsuga douglasi (Douglas Fir)

The colorado silver grey strain, considered the best for ornamental purposes. A truly stately tree.

3- 5	inches once	transplanted	*****	******	7	56
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PYRACANTHA (FIRETHORNS)

Pyracantha crenata serrata (Chinese Firethorn)

One of the introductions from China. A dense, shapely evergreen of remarkable appeal. It grows 8 to 10 feet high and spreads the same distance. Has very fine large glossy foliage and coral red berries in heavy corymbs. An unusually fine subject for planting in corners, large masses or slopes. Very hardy.

2-	6	inches	not	transplan	ted	*******	 7	56
6-	12	"	,,				 10	80

Pyracantha crenulata (Nepal Firethorn)	
Red berried, heavily branching shrub. Medium size. Small, bright gree	
leaves, thick foliage. Showy. Hardy. Each 10 10 2- 6 inches not transplanted\$\$\$	
6-12	
2- 3 feet three times transplanted B&B 1.20 10.80 9 3- 4 _" B&B 1.80 16.20	
Pyracantha kansuensis (Kansu Firethorn)	
Handsome evergreen firethorn with an upright and slightly spreading hab of growth. Leaves small, dark green, thickly clothing the branches. Reberries. Hardy. Smaller growing than lalandi.	
3- 4 feet three times transplanted	
4- 5" " B&B 2.40 21.60 19 5- 6" " " B&B 3.00 27.00 24	
Pyracantha yunnanensis (Compact form)	
A dwarf, compact form. Our original plant is 2 feet high and 4 feet across 12 years old, very thickly branched. Berries red, but sparse.	s,
12-15 inches three times transplantedB&B .70 6.30 15-18""B&B .85 7.70	***********
18-24"B&B 1.00 9.00	
Pyracantha yunnanensis variegata (Variegated Yunnan Firethorn) An unusual firethorn possessing tiny leaves that are beautifully variegate Hardy evergreen shrub. The foliage turns to charming shades of red are pink during the winter months. Red berries. Rare. 2- 3 feet twice transplanted	d. d
Rabbit Brush—See Chrysothamnus	
Redcedar—See Juniperus	
Rhododendron maximum (Rosebay Rhododendron)	
Large, rapid growing shrub. Leaves often 12 inches long, dark green, lustrou above. Flowers usually rose colored in large clusters. A bold, magnificent ever green. Fine for naturalistic and woodland plantings. Rhododendrons and always described in superlatives. Among its many fine features is that it hardy as far north as Quebec. Flowers in June and July. Native from Ontarito Georgia.	e e İs
2- 4 inches once transplanted 1	
4- 8"	
Rhododendron ponticum (Pontic Rhododendron)	
Hardy, vigorous grower. Large, glossy, evergreen foliage. Pink to lavend blooms. The rhododendron is one of the most satisfactory of all shrubs. B sides its luxuriant foliage it provides the home with an abundance of blossom that are a delight to all. Fits into practically all plantings, used either sing	e-
or in masses.	
or in masses. 9-12 inches twice transplantedB&B .75 6.80 6	ly 1
or in masses. 9-12 inches twice transplantedB&B .75 6.80 6 12-15"B&B 1.00 9.00 8	1 1
or in masses. 9-12 inches twice transplantedB&B .75 6.80 6 12-15"B&B 1.00 9.00 8	1 1 1 2

Rockrose—See Cistus

Rockspray—See Cotoneaster

Rosmarinus officinalis (Rosemary)

An evergreen common on the chalk hills of southern France. Has decidedly aromatic leaves of grayish or dusty appearance and small light blue flowers in late summer. Oil of Rosemary is distilled from the leaves. A fine evergreen, good in dry and rocky soil. An excellent hardy hedge plant. Height 4 feet.

4 feet. Each 10 1000 3-4 feet three times transplanted (Heavy)......B&B \$ 3.00 \$27.00 \$ \$

Shrub Goldenrod—See Chrysothamnus

Skimmia japonica (Oriental Skimmia)

Densely branched, low growing shrub, reaching a height and spread of 3 feet. Valued for its broad lustrous foliage and brilliant red fruit which is often carried throughout the winter. Desirable for potting and for Christmas use. Likes partly shaded situations best and is fine for borders. It is unisexual and it will be necessary to plant male plants with the female ones to secure well fruited shrubs.

 (Female)
 6

 6-10 inches once transplanted
 13

 6-10 inches once transplanted
 13

 (Mixed)
 13

 6-12 inches once transplanted
 13

Spruce—See Picea

Squaw Grass—See Xerophyllum

St. Johnswort-See Hypericum

Stransvesia davidiana

Splendid broad leaf evergreen growing to a height of 6 or 8 feet, having a mass of slender arching branches hugging the ground. Tiny white flowers followed in the fall and winter by a great array of scarlet clusters of berries. A plant 5 feet high will have a spread of 8 or 10 feet. Foliage soft bronze during the summer turning to brilliant red and scarlet during the winter. A very showy shrub and considered by us to be one of the most beautiful of all broad leaved evergreens. Rare. Hardy native of China.

2- 3 feet three times transplanted.......B&B 1.35 12.20 3- 4B&B 1.60 14.40

Strawberry Tree—See Arbutus

Taxus baccata (English Yew)

This is the old favorite of English gardens. Native of Europe and North Africa to the Himalayas. Deep green, rapid growing in good soil, very dense. Will do quite well in poor soil and in dry situations. One of the best of all hedge plants, as it will stand any amount of pruning. Thrives in either sun or shade. The English Yew has this great advantage in hedges, in common with all the yews: the trees make uniform growth all along the line regardless of sun or shade. Hardy evergreen.

12-15 inches twice transplanted BR hedge grade		4.10	36	
15-18	******	5.00	45	******
18-24 inches twice transplanted hedge gradeB&B	.85	7.70	69	******
24-30	1.00	9.00	81	*******

30	SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Portland, Oregon	
Taxu	s baccata erecta (Broom Yew)	
	A columnar form of the English Yew of fine erect form of growth. Compact and full but not quite as narrow as the Irish Yew and having smaller needles. The foliage is dark, rich green and together with the shapely form, sets this tree out in deservedly delightful manner. Very superior for narrow hedges	
	where real quality is desired. Each 10 100	1000
15	5-18 inches twice transplanted	\$
18	B&B 1.65 14.90 134	
24	H-30" B&B 1.90 17.10 154	
30	H-30""	
3	3- 4 feet twice transplantedB&B 2.75 24.80 223	******
Teuc	crium chamaedrys prostratum (Dwarf Germander)	
	A low growing form spreading into a dense mat 6 inches high. Foliage dark green, flowers lavender. Rapid growing, desirable ground cover.	
1	year once transplanted 8	64
	THUJA (ARBORVITAES)	
Thuj	a occidentalis (American Arborvitae)	
	Native New Brunswick and Manitoba to North Carolina and Illinois. An old, standard favorite. Grows in compact form, narrow pyramid in shape and attaining a height of 60 feet. Withstands low degrees of temperature, makes fine low hedges or taller wind breaks. A tree that has always been	
	justly esteemed.	
(6-12 inches once transplanted	72
	2-18"	96
	6-12 inches twice transplanted	88
10	2-18 inches once transplanted BR hedge grade	*******
	2- 3 feet once transplanted BR hedge grade 5.90 53	******
	3- 4 _"" hedge gradeB&B 1.00 9.00 81	*******
Thuj	a occidentalis (George Washington Arborvitae)	
	An exceedingly bright golden form, its rich golden foliage unchanging in color with the seasons. Similar in shape and color to George Peabody Arborvitae but much showier. It is full branched, well-formed and of graceful habit. Hardy. Rare.	
4	4- 5 feet three times transplanted (heavy)B&B 4.50 40.50	******
Thuj	a occidentalis nana (Little Globe Arborvitae)	
	A dwarf of regular form. Foliage upright and grows in thick, heavy layers appearing to be packed together, and of good bright green color. Low growing, a mature tree reaching a height of 2 feet and spread of 3 feet, and presenting an aged appearance. Desirable wherever dwarfs are needed.	
	4- 6 inches once transplanted 10	80:
Thuj	a occidentalis wareana (Ware Arborvitae)	
	Sometimes called Siberian Arborvitae, which name it bears well because of its ruggedness and adaptability to cold climes. A tree of close, compact, heavy foliage which holds its deep green color of slightly bluish cast throughout the year. Symmetrical and conical in habit of growth. Not too large, being just out of the dwarf group, shapely, desirable for ornamental plantings.	
	4- 5 feet four times transplanted (Heavy) R&R 500 4500	

4- 5 feet four times transplanted (Heavy)......B&B 5.00

Thuja plicata (Giant Arborvitae)

A native of the northwest, quite generally distributed along the Pacific Coast from Oregon northward and to the westward slopes of the Cascade mountains. The trees are thickly limbed well to the ground except in dense woods, and the foliage is fresh and attractive at all seasons. It is a rapid grower under favorable conditions and grows into a symmetrical pyramid with little or no pruning.

Thujopsis dolobrata (False Arborvitae)

Sometimes called Elk Horn because of the interesting and peculiar shape of the branchlets. It has heavy light green foliage of mottled effect. Pyramidal in form. Of oriental origin and regarded as one of the most beautiful of oriental conifers. Since it is different, it gives an added interest and beauty to garden plantings. Hardy into New England.

15-18	inches	twice	transplanted	B&B	.75	6.80	61	
18-24		"	,,,	B&B	1.00	9.00	81	*******

Tsuga canadensis (Canada Hemlock)

Native New Brunswick, Wisconsin and south to Alabama. A well known conifer of graceful, pleasing habit of growth, and regarded by some land-scape architects as one of the best of conifers. Perfectly hardy, withstanding low temperature without injury to tree or foliage. Foliage is heavy and attractive, needles are short. Is naturally broadly pyramidal in form but can be grown to a rounded head, and lends itself well to pruning into hedges.

6-12	inches o	nce	transplanted	 *******	10	80
12-18	55	17), -/	 	16	128

Tsuga diversifolia (Japanese Hemlock)

A fine graceful conifer with long, slender, graceful branches which reach out to make a beautifully formed evergreen. Hardy. A handsome specimen tree with an abundance of lustrous foliage.

12-15	inches twice transplantedB&B	.75	6.80	*******	
15-18		.90	8.10		*******
18-24		1.15	10.40	/	7 (1971)

Tsuga heterophylla (Western Hemlock)

The Western Hemlock is very similar to Tsuga canadensis. Grows to about the same form and height and has the same characteristically graceful branch tips. The foliage is slightly heavier with a beautiful luster. It is common in the Coast and Cascade ranges of western United States. Hardy. Like canadensis it has splendid ornamental values.

6-12	inches once	transplanted	 	10	80
12-18	,, ,,	"	 *******	16	128

Umbellularia californica (Oregon Myrtle) (California Laurel)	
A handsome hardy evergreen tree, 25 to 30 feet in height and reaching 75 feet.	
Native of southern Oregon and northern California where it reaches its greatest perfection of growth along the streams and valleys of the coast range. The	
tree is conical in form and the leaves are highly aromatic. Well adapted to	
hedges. Sargent has described the Myrtle as "one of the stateliest and most	
beautiful inhabitants of North American forests, and no evergreen tree of temperate regions surpasses it in the beauty of its dark dense crown of	1
lustrous foliage." Each 10 100	1000
4- 8 inches once transplanted \$ \$ 15 9-12 inches twice transplanted B&B .60 5.40 49	\$ 120
9-12 inches twice transplanted	
15-18 " " " R&R 90 8.10 73	
18-24" " B&B 1.15 10.40 93 24-30" " B&B 1.40 12.60	*******
Veronica hectori	
A very unusual evergreen with russet green foliage in summer turning to a rich golden color in the winter season. The growth appears in the form of a	
multitude of symmetrical upright golden spikes, attaining a height of 12 to 15	
inches. Makes a fascinating border or low edging plant, and could be used to advantage as a part of almost any low planting. It is a unique type. Hardy.	
6- 9 inches twice transplantedB&B .60 5.40	
9-12"B&B .75 6.80	
Viburnum davidi (David Viburnum)	
A dwarf, broad leaved evergreen of great beauty, growing to a height of	
2 to 3 feet with a spread of 4 to 5 feet. Leaves large, heavy, dark rich green giving this miniature viburnum an extremely luxuriant effect. Clusters of	
creamy flowers set in massed foliage. Hardy. Rare. A favorite with those who know it.	
9-12 inches twice transplantedB&B .75 6.80	*******
Viburnum odoratissimum (Sweet Viburnum)	
Large, glossy, evergreen leaves, resembling those of English Laurel. In the fall and winter some leaves stay green while others turn to beautiful shades	
of red, making a lovely combination. Hardy, large growing shrub. Fragrant	
white flowers.	
4- 8 inches once transplanted	96
30-36 inches three times transplanted	120
3- 4 feet three times transplantedB&B 2.75 24.80	
Viburnum tinus lucidum (Shining Laurustinus)	
This, like most viburnums, has good foliage. The leaves are evergreen, large	
and glossy. Strong grower. Large flower clusters in great profusion in late winter. Decidedly a superior variety. Hardy.	
4- 8 inches once transplanted	80
8-12"	96
Vinca minor (Common Periwinkle)	
Also called Blue, Running or Trailing Myrtle. Hardy, evergreen, trailing	
herb. Native to Europe. Has blue flowers. Well known in country gardens. Makes a complete and refreshing ground cover, and thrives with little or	
no care.	
1 year once transplanted 6	48
2 year once transplanted	80

Wintercreeper—See Euonymus

Wintergreen—See Gaultheria

Xerophyllum tenax (Pine Lily, Bear Grass, Squaw Grass, or Indian Basket Grass)

A native of the Cascade and Rocky mountains. Grows into a graceful symmetrical bunch in weeping form and might be described as a low fountain in grass, about 18 inches high and 2 to 3 feet across. Out of the center of this grassy bunch grow the tall stems 3 to 5 feet in height and from 1 to as many as 20 in number, crowned with the long creamy-white lily heads of matchless beauty. The leaves which are grass-like are evergreen, and unusual as it may seem, it is an evergreen belonging to the lily family. Mountain slopes and meadows, clad in fields of these lilies are a thrilling picture, which once seen will never be forgotten. The grass is said to have been used by the squaws in early days in weaving baskets. Perfectly hardy, rather slow growing but long-lived. Should be planted in groups, and in the open where it is partially shaded during the day for best results. Will not bloom well if too shaded. The fine bunches of long, silky grass are very ornamental when the lily is not in bloom. A plant with a future, and rare in American gardens.

		Each	10	100	1000
6-12 inches once transplanted		\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 96
6-12 inches spread twice transplanted	В&В	.55	5.00	45	
12-18""""	В&В	.70	6.30	57	
18-24"""""		.90	8.10	73	*******
24-30"""	B&B	1.10	9.90	89	*******
30-36"""	В&В	1.35	12.20	109	

Yew-See Taxus

SPECIAL LINING OUT COLLECTION OFFERED

We have in our nursery numerous varieties in lining out stock in small lots and odd grades not practical to list separately which we are offering at low prices. These are mostly varieties that are listed in the catalog and are all good stock. Both broadleaved evergreens and conifers. None are labeled for size or name. No order accepted for less than 25 of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed. The prices are as follows:

Once transplanted	******	 10	
Twice transplanted		 12	
Twice transplanted (Heavy)		 25	******

SPECIAL B&B COLLECTION OFFERED

We also have odds and ends in B&B stock that we are offering in collections of 10 plants each. These are all good trees and shrubs. All are properly labelled and of excellent value. No order accepted for less than 10 plants of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed.

Collection No. 1 (10 plants—small grade)B&B	*****	5.00	******	*******
Collection No. 2 (10 plants-medium grade)B&B		7.50		*******
Collection No. 3 (10 plants—large grade)B&B		10.00		*******
Collection No. 4 (10 plants—extra grade)B&B	*******	15.00	******	



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